## **Acupuncture? Dry Needling?** What's the difference?

Acupuncture has been a popular therapy for years, with the World Health Organization and the National Institutes of Health singing its praises and celebrities, professional athletes, U.S. Military personnel, and thousands of every day patients experiencing its life-changing benefits.

A growing number of physical therapists (and other allied health professionals) are now offering a therapy that they call dry needling or intramuscular stimulation (IMS). You may have noticed that dry needling bears a striking resemblance to acupuncture and this may have left you wondering:



What is dry needling? How is it different from acupuncture? Which therapy is right for me?

## ho are the real needle experts?

This comparison will help answer these questions.

## Licensed Acupuncturists



## Physical Therapists



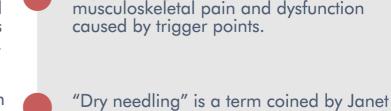




pain (including musculoskeletal pain and dysfunction due to trigger points), as well as a very wide variety of other problems. Palpating and needling trigger points (in

addition to standard acupuncture points) has

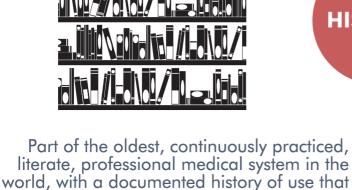
Acupuncture is effective for many types of



Dry needling/IMS is effective for

been a common technique amongst acupuncturists for over a thousand years and licensed acupuncturists have more training and experience in this technique than any other type of professional. The World Health Organization and numerous experts acknowledge that dry needling/IMS is a subtype of acupuncture.

Travell, MD in the mid twentieth century. Dr. Travell used empty hypodermic needles to diffuse trigger points (the term "dry" refers to the fact that the needle does not contain any medication). Physical therapists have elected to retain this terminology even though hypodermic needles have been abandoned in favor of acupuncture needles.







goes back over 2,000 years. As a mature profession, there are tens of thousands of senior/expert acupuncturists involved in instruction of new practitioners and oversight of the profession. Millions of patients have received billions of acupuncture treatments. its infancy. There are only a small handful of non-acupuncturist senior/expert practitioners to provide instruction/oversight and a relatively small number of patients have been treated.





and other topics).

TRAINING &



needles (in addition to the hours required to

become a licensed physical therapist). Only

about half of these hours are hands-on. A portion of these hours may be online and/or

Some dry needling/IMS training programs

A minimum of 250-350 supervised patient treatments is required prior to graduation and licensure.

needles (in addition to 1245-1755 hours of training in diagnosis, biomedicine, ethics,



continuing education.

home-study.

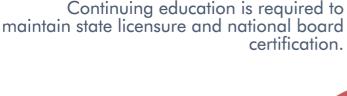
treatments.

Practitioners must pass one or more national board examinations prior to licensure.

for physical therapists do not require any competency testing. Some dry needling/IMS training programs for physical therapists do not require

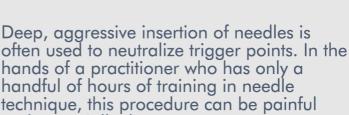
Many training programs have no

requirement for supervised patient





**NEEDLING** 

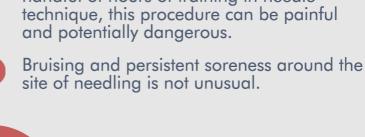


Bruising and persistent soreness around the site of needling is rare.

needle technique and are therefore capable

of performing effective needle

manipulations with minimal pain.



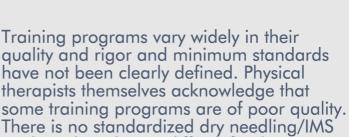
& BILLING

licensure provide clear minimum standards

for training that are easy for consumers to assess. All licensed practitioners have met



LICENSING REGULATION



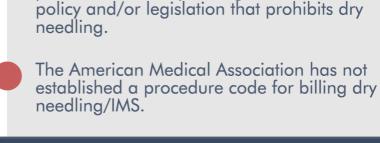
Licensed in the vast majority of states. Scope of practice is clearly defined and best practices have been established over the course of hundreds of years. Consumers have the ability to make complaints to a

National board certification and state

clearly defined standards.

credential, making it difficult for the consumer to assess whether their practitioner is adequately trained. State licensure boards vary in their ability to set educational requirements and, because this technique has only been recently adopted by non-acupuncturists, uniform professional standards of practice have not yet been established. In some states

state regulatory board if necessary. Clear disciplinary procedures are in place both at the state and national level. The American Medical Association has established a procedure code for billing acupuncture.



practitioners are operating in defiance of

To experience the difference that only a real acupuncturist can make, please visit

The National Certification Commission on Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine

or TryAcupuncture.org to search for a qualified professional in your area.